

Exploring the molecular organization in solvent-free MALDI samples by solid-state NMR to study

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Background: solid-state techniques to study MALDI

❖ Many studies focused on sample morphology

- optical microscopy

SJ Doktycz et al. *Rapid Commun. Mass Spectrom.* 1991, 5, 145
LM Preston et al. *Biol. Mass Spectrom.* 1993, 22, 744

- scanning electron microscopy

A Westman et al. *J. Mass Spectrom.* 1995, 30, 206
AI Gusev et al. *Anal. Chem.* 1995, 67, 1034
V Horneffer et al. *Int. J. Mass Spectrom.* 2003, 226, 117

- confocal laser scanning microscopy

V Horneffer et al. *Anal. Chem.* 2001, 73, 1016
V Horneffer et al. *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* 2006, 17, 1599

- Raman spectrometry

TWD Chan et al. *Org. Mass Spectrom.* 1992, 27, 188

- mass spectrometry imaging

SD Hanton et al. *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* 1999, 10, 104
RW Garden et al. *Anal. Chem.* 2000, 72, 30
SD Hanton et al. *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* 2004, 15, 168

- X-Ray diffraction

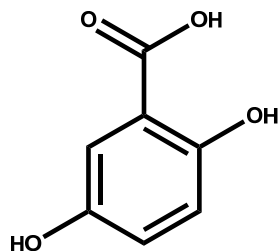
K Strupat et al. *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* 1997, 169, 43

❖ Solid-state NMR: structural information at the atomic level

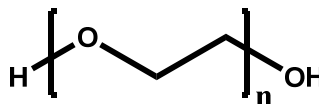
- chemical shifts are sensitive to local changes in the structure
- explores local nucleus environment: no need for long distance order
- access to many different nuclei ↔ complementary information

H Pizzala, C Barrere, M Mazarin, F Ziarelli, L Charles *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* 2009, 20, 1906

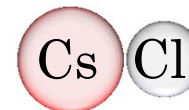
❖ A model system to evaluate the potential of solid-state NMR for MALDI



matrix



analyte



salt

❖ Optimized component concentrations to address sensitivity issues

matrix / analyte / salt : 50 / 1 / 10

❖ A solid-state protocol for sample preparation

- solvent-free MALDI

R Skelton et al. *Anal. Chem.* **2000**, *72*, 1707
S Trimpin et al. *Rapid Commun. Mass Spectrom.* **2001**, *15*, 1364

- the vortex method

SD Hanton et al. *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* **2005**, *16*, 90

Experimental flow chart



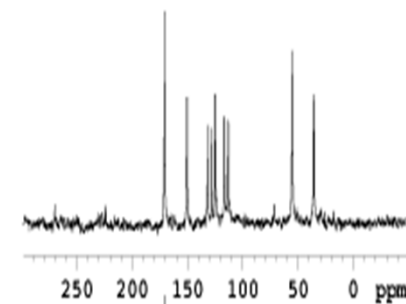
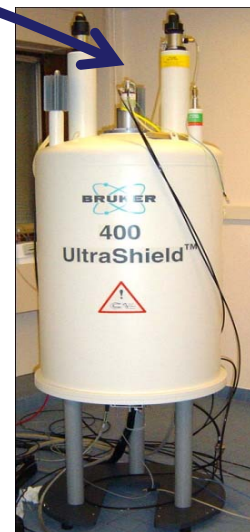
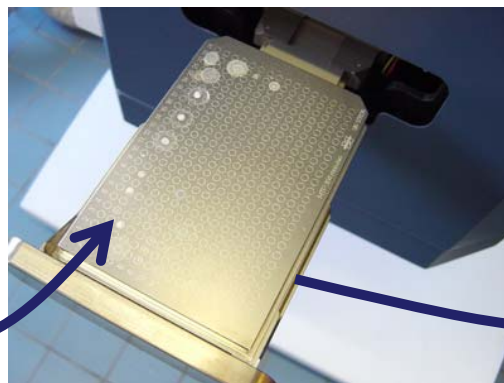
Matrix
Salt
Analyte



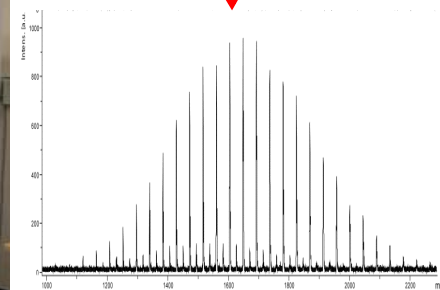
40-50 mg



Rotor

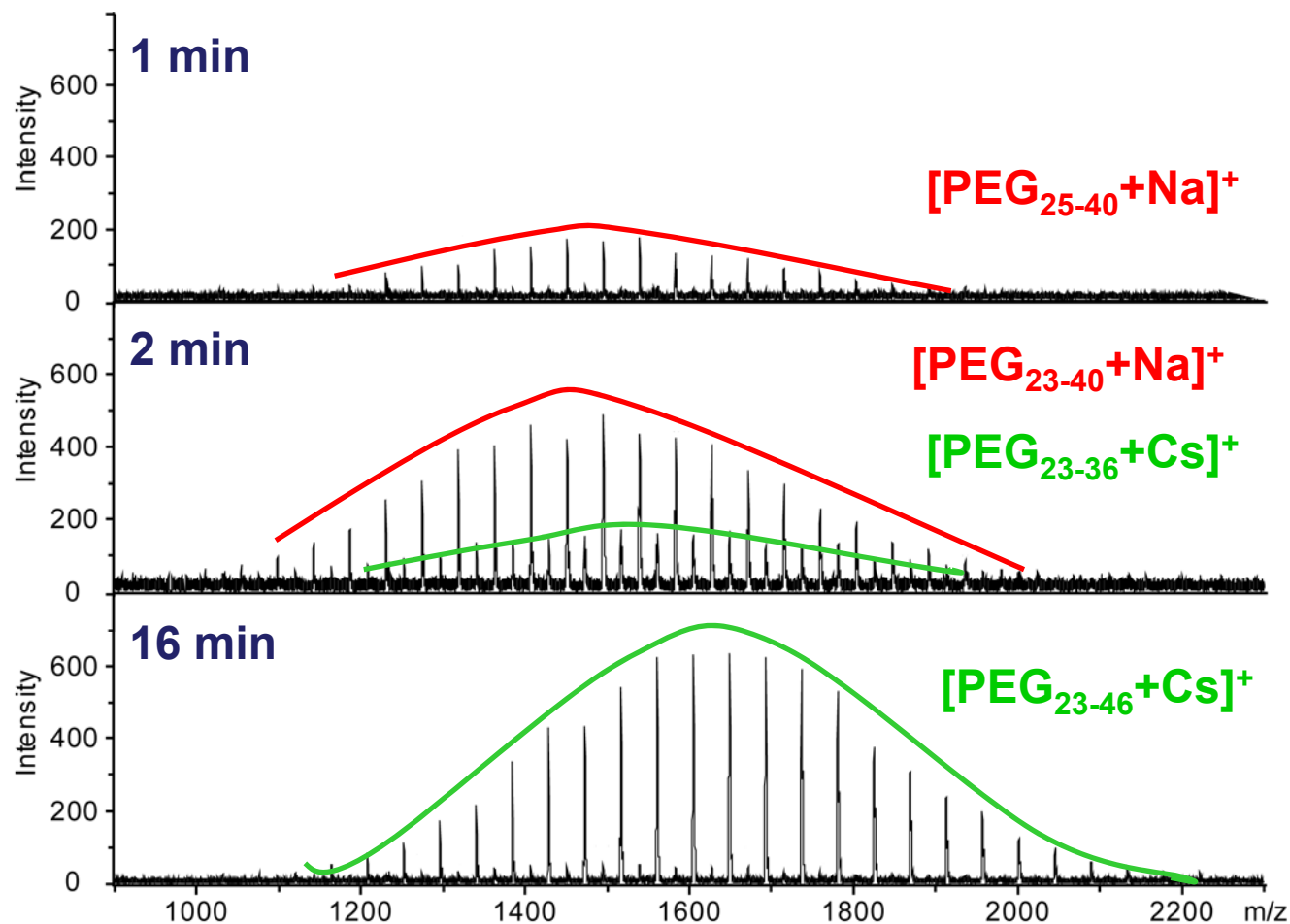


correlations?



Changes in sample preparation

Influence of grinding time

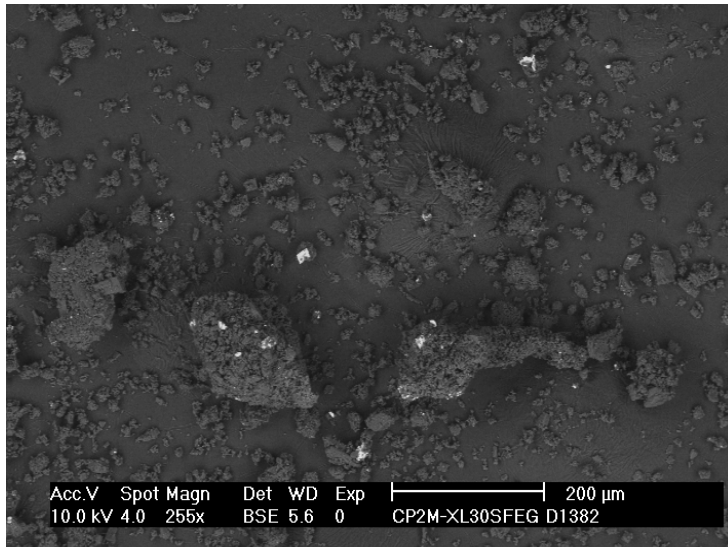


Y Major, H Pizzala, F Ziarelli, T Phan, G Mollica, L Charles. *Anal. Meth.* 2012, in press. DOI: 10.1039/C2AY25708D

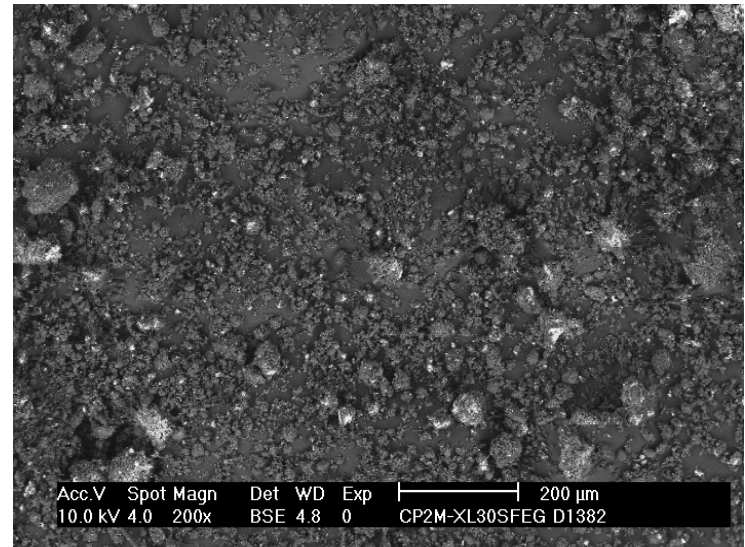
Effect of grinding time on particle size

Scanning electron microscopy

2,5-DHB/PEG/CsCl
ground for 2 min



2,5-DHB/PEG/CsCl
ground for 16 min

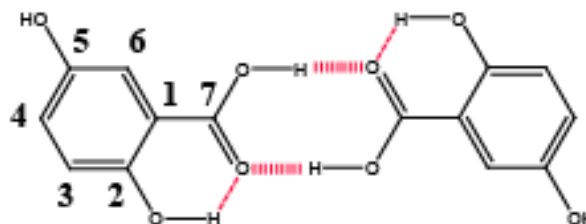


Particle size reduction → increase of surface area

V Horneffer, M Gluckmann, B Kruger, M Karas, K Strupat, F Hillenkamp *Int. J. Mass Spectrom.* 2006, 249, 426

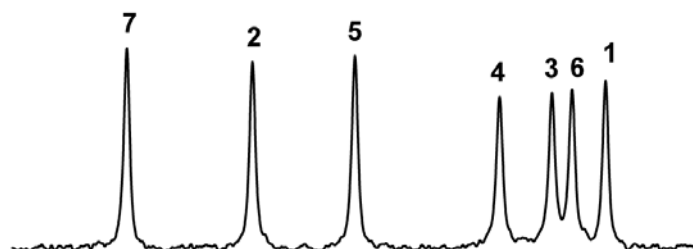
^{13}C solid-state NMR analysis of the matrix

Magic angle spinning (MAS) → increase of resolution; Cross polarization (CP) → sensitivity improvement



sample

2,5-DHB only
ground for 2 or 16 min

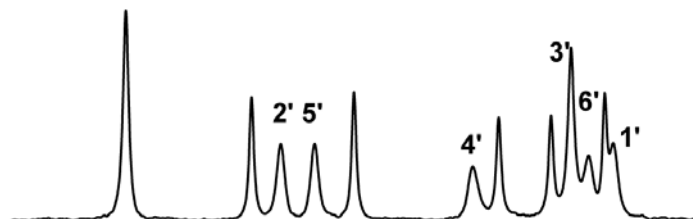


interpretation

matrix dimer
Phase I

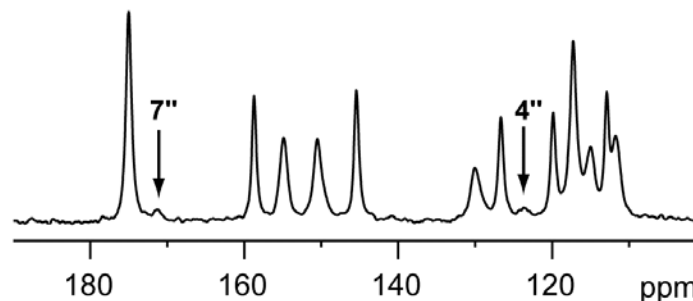
M Haisa et al. *Acta Crystallogr.* 1982, 38, 1480
MS Adam et al. *New J. Chem.* 2010, 34, 85

2,5-DHB/PEG/CsCl
ground for 2 min



matrix/PEG complex
Phase II

2,5-DHB/PEG/CsCl
ground for 16 min



matrix/Cs complex
Phase III

^{13}C solid-state NMR analysis of the PEG analyte

Short contact time $\rightarrow$ PEG crystalline phase; Long contact time $\rightarrow$ PEG amorphous phase

sample

PEG only
ground for 2 or 16 min

interpretation

- large peak: crystalline PEG
- narrow peaks: amorphous PEG

Contact time: 0.1 ms

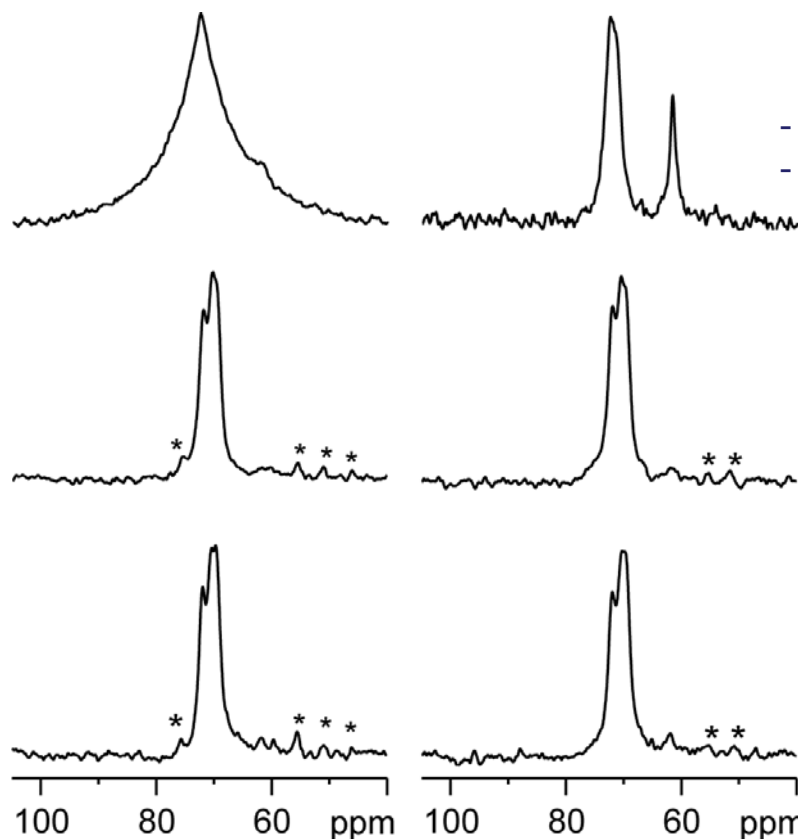
Contact time: 2.0 ms

2,5-DHB/PEG/CsCl
ground for 2 min

Phase II
matrix/PEG complex

2,5-DHB/PEG/CsCl
ground for 16 min

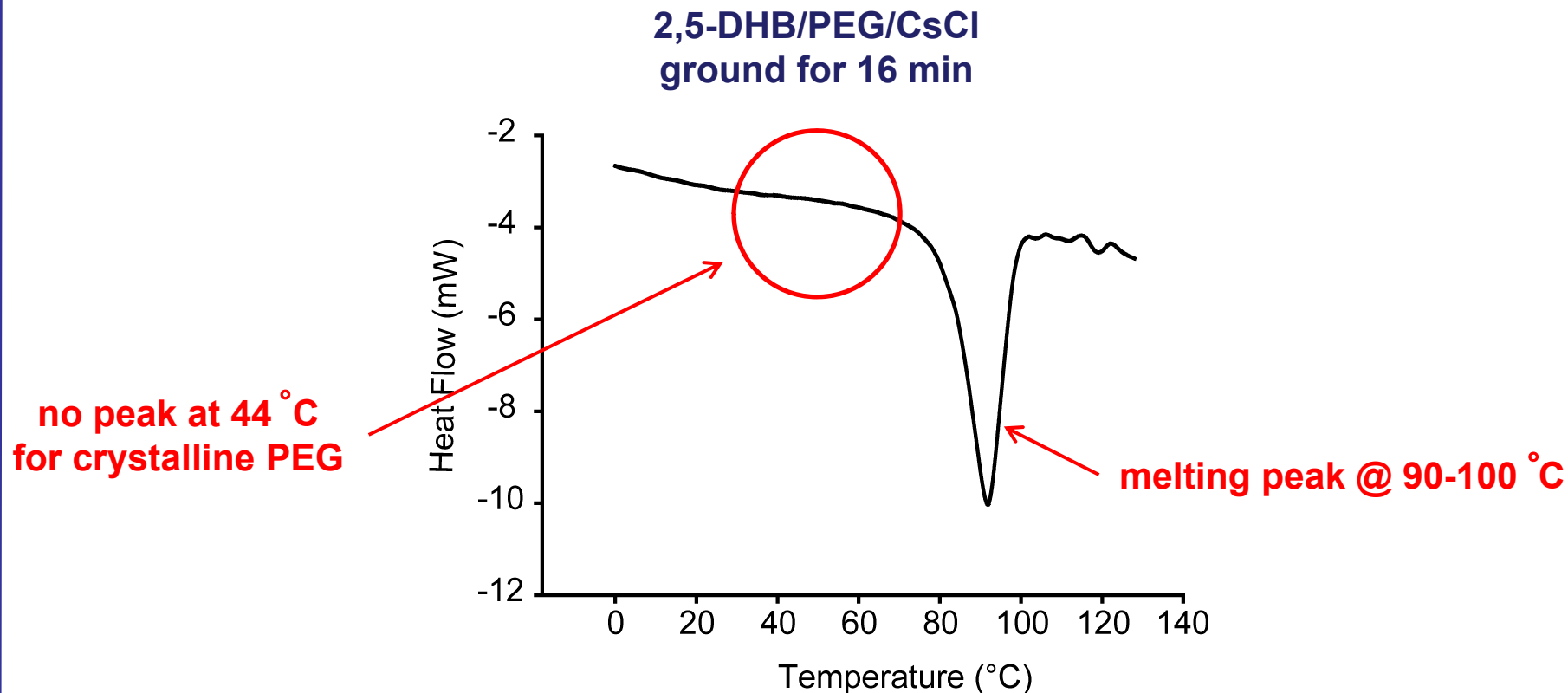
Phase II
matrix/PEG complex



* spinning band

J Spevacek et al. *Macromolecules* 1998, 31, 3612
DJ Harris et al. *Macromolecules* 2000, 33, 3375

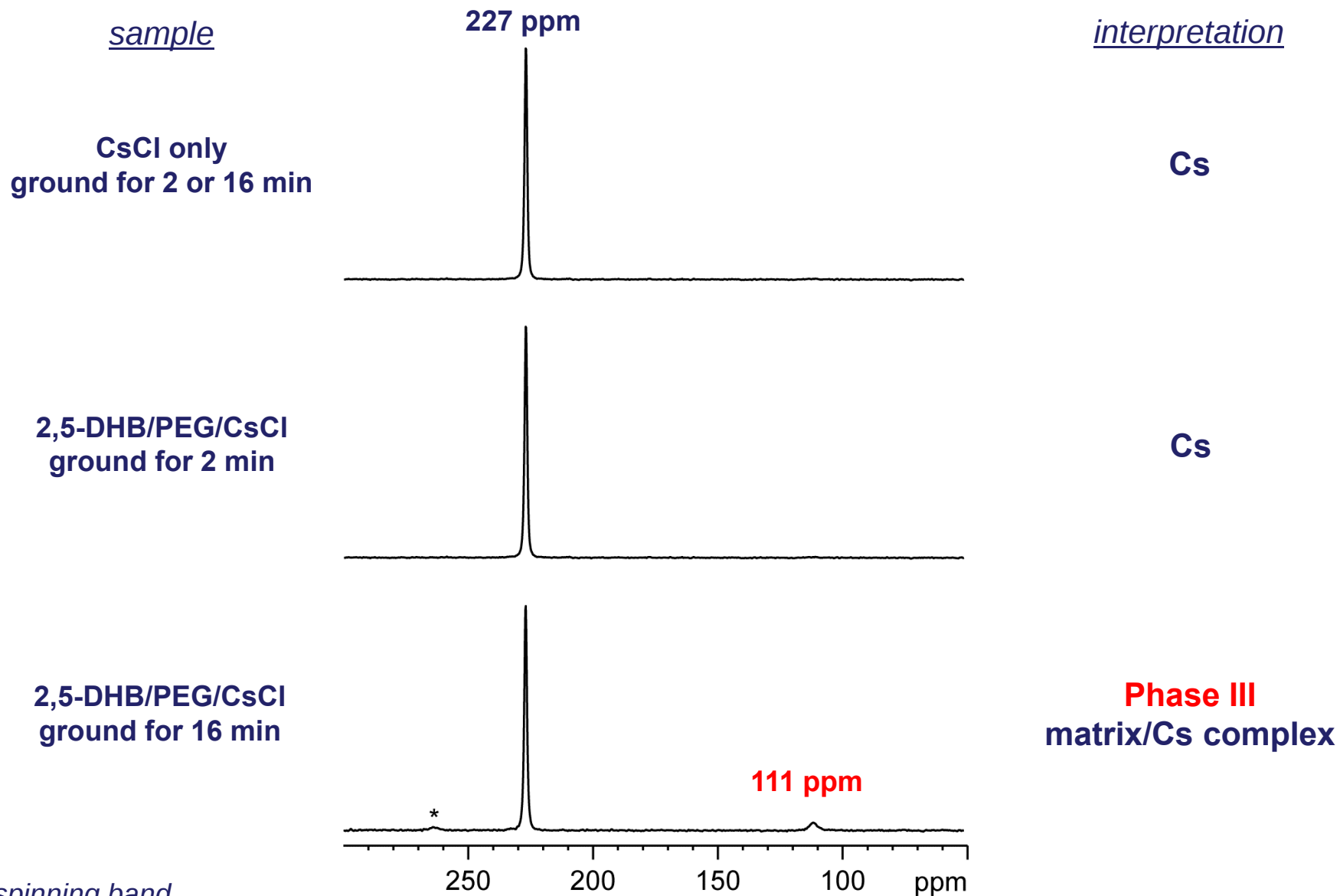
Differential Scanning Calorimetry



a complex between PEG and hydroxybenzene compounds
Phase II

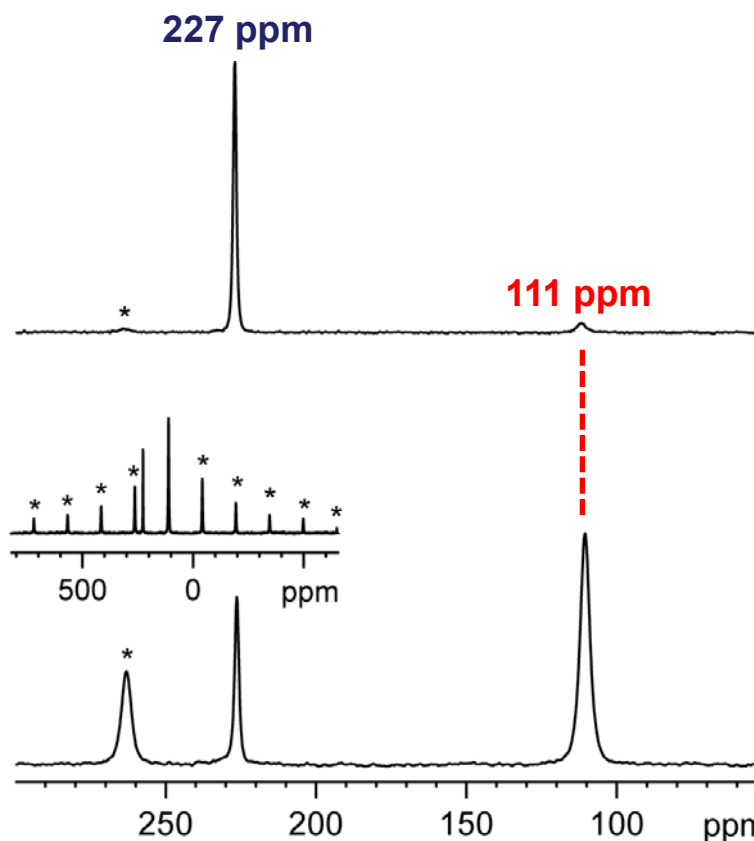
J Spevacek et al. *Macromolecules* 1998, 31, 3612
DJ Harris et al. *Macromolecules* 2000, 33, 3375

^{133}Cs solid-state NMR analysis of the salt



^{133}Cs solid-state NMR analysis of the salt

**2,5-DHB/PEG/CsCl
(50:1:10)**

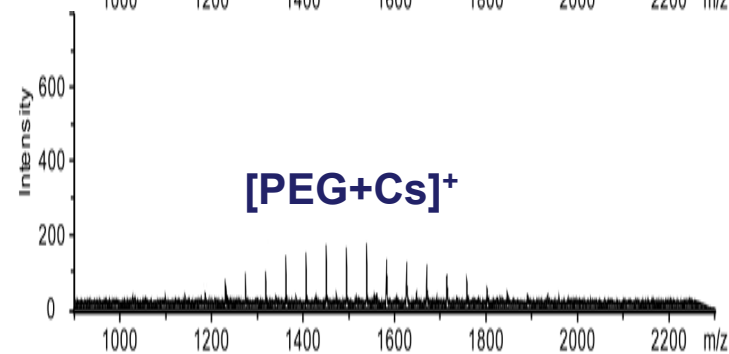
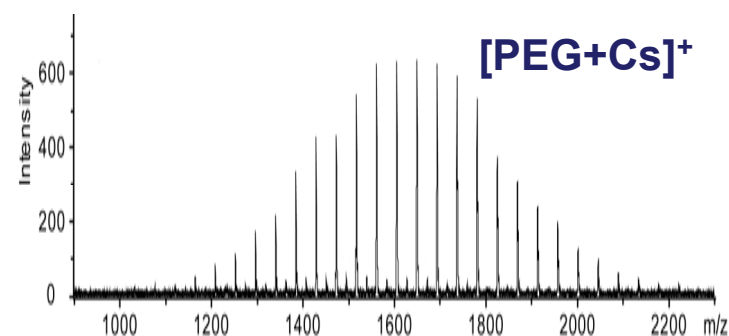
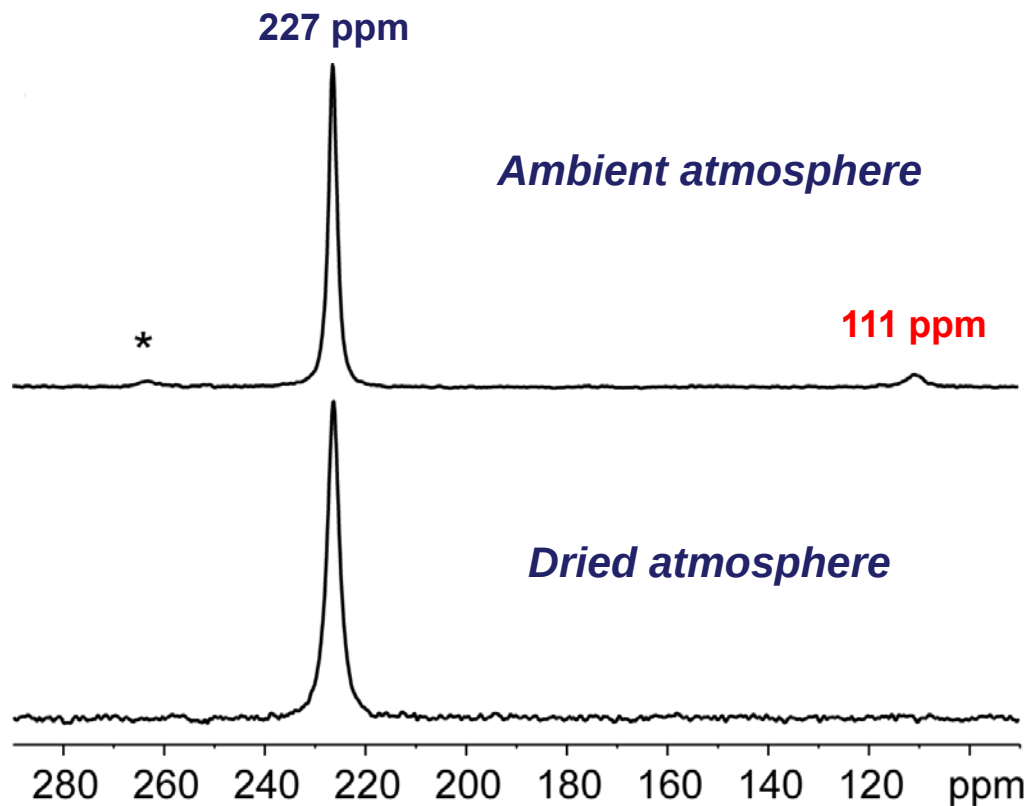


**2,5-DHB/CsCl
(1:1)**

A very extended spinning sideband envelope for the 111 ppm signal reflects a significant loss of symmetry for Cs in the new environment of phase III

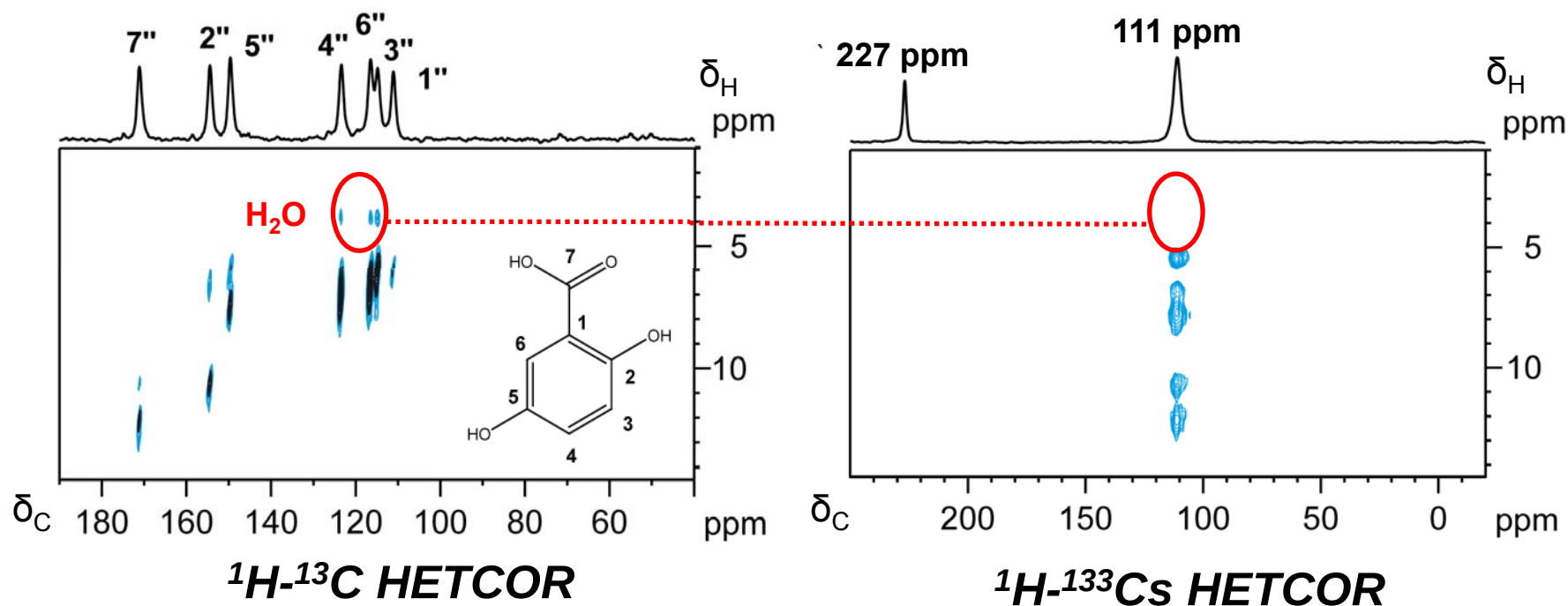
Influence of atmospheric water

2,5-DHB/PEG/CsCl
ground for 16 min



2D NMR dipolar correlation experiments

- 1 sample: 2,5-DHB/CsCl (1:1) ground for 16 min $\leftrightarrow$ **Phase III**
- 2 experiments:
 - *short distance interactions*: $< 3 \text{ \AA}$
 - *long distance interactions*: $< 10 \text{ \AA}$



Water molecules are components of Phase III

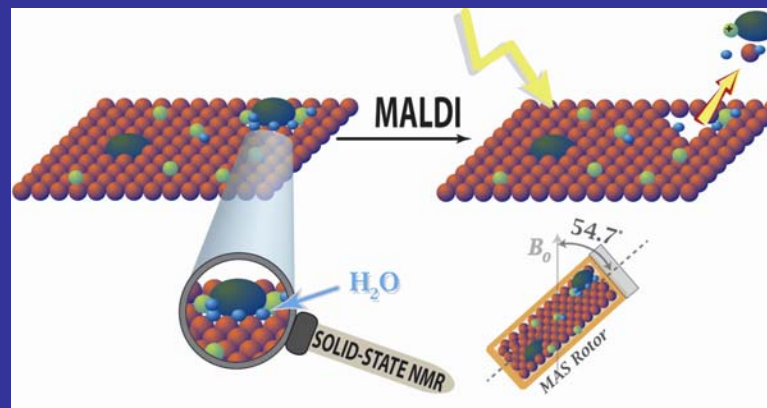
Conclusions

Solid-state NMR provides essential information to understand the molecular origin of changes observed in MALDI mass spectra as a function of experimental conditions used for sample preparation.

Next experiments

- ❖ the influence of the atmospheric environment could be rationalized
- ❖ solvent-based preparation

Solid-state NMR for MALDI



Organizing committee



SACS Research team, ICR :

Pr. Laurence Charles, Dr Hélène Pizzala and Dr Giulia Mollica



Spectropole :

Valérie Monnier, Christophe Chendo and Fabio Ziarelli

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